

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549**

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended: September 30, 2014

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from: _____ to _____

BIO-SOLUTIONS CORP.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada

(State or Other Jurisdiction of
Incorporation or Organization)

333-147917

(Commission
File Number)

98-0557171

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

40 Easthampton B, West Palm Beach, FL 33417

(Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

(888) 987-6315

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

(Former name or former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes
No

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of the issuer's common stock, as of the latest practical date:

Class	Outstanding at October 21, 2014
Common stock, \$0.001 par value	60,132,271

* Takes into consideration the reverse stock split of one for ten (1:10) effected February 26, 2014.

PART I
BIO-SOLUTIONS, INC.
FORM 10-Q

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and in accordance with the instructions for Form 10-Q and article 10 of Regulation S-X of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”). Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements.

In the opinion of management, the financial statements contain all material adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments necessary to present fairly the financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows of the Company for the interim periods presented.

The results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations for the full year. These financial statements and related footnotes should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 25, 2014.

BIO-SOLUTIONS CORP.
CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2014 (UNAUDITED) AND DECEMBER 31, 2013
IN US\$

	SEPTEMBER 30, 2014	DECEMBER 31, 2013
	<u>(UNAUDITED)</u>	<u></u>
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash	\$ 879	\$ 711
Inventory	12,857	24,879
Prepaid expenses	467	-
Total current assets	<u>14,203</u>	<u>25,590</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 14,203</u>	<u>\$ 25,590</u>
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 146,561	\$ 144,633
Short - term loans	7,728	6,000
Short - term loans - related parties	-	1,672
Short - term loans - convertible	109,348	71,043
Total current liabilities	<u>263,637</u>	<u>223,348</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>263,637</u>	<u>223,348</u>
STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT		
Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 200,000,000 shares authorized, 29,922,271 and 18,872,777 shares issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively (1)	29,922	18,873
Additional paid in capital	4,991,442	4,743,340
Stock to be issued	24,872	34,400
Deferred compensation	(65,352)	(17,372)
Accumulated deficit	(5,155,040)	(4,901,721)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(75,278)	(75,278)
Total stockholders' deficit	<u>(249,434)</u>	<u>(197,758)</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT	<u>\$ 14,203</u>	<u>\$ 25,590</u>

(1) The common stock shares authorized, issued and outstanding have been adjusted to reflect a 10 to 1 reverse split, which was effective in February 2014.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed financial statements.

BIO-SOLUTIONS CORP.
CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)
FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014 AND 2013
IN US\$

	THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014	THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013	NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014	NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013
REVENUE	\$ 2,250	\$ 224	\$ 2,739	\$ 224
COST OF REVENUES	<u>2,117</u>	<u>13,075</u>	<u>12,401</u>	<u>13,075</u>
GROSS PROFIT (LOSS)	133	(12,851)	(9,662)	(12,851)
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Professional fees/stock based compensation	63,219	214,609	160,235	680,092
General and administrative	984	5,599	14,294	18,189
Total Operating Expenses	<u>64,203</u>	<u>220,208</u>	<u>174,529</u>	<u>698,281</u>
LOSS FROM OPERATIONS	(64,070)	(233,059)	(184,191)	(711,132)
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)				
Interest income (expense)	(40,307)	107,492	(69,128)	5,235
Loss on conversion of debt	-	(21,000)	-	(21,000)
Total other expense	<u>(40,307)</u>	<u>86,492</u>	<u>(69,128)</u>	<u>(15,765)</u>
LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	(104,377)	(146,567)	(253,319)	(726,897)
PROVISION FOR (BENEFIT FROM) INCOME TAXES	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
NET LOSS	<u>\$ (104,377)</u>	<u>\$ (146,567)</u>	<u>\$ (253,319)</u>	<u>\$ (726,897)</u>
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF SHARES OUTSTANDING BASIC AND DILUTED (2)	<u>28,468,466</u>	<u>16,794,645</u>	<u>24,034,281</u>	<u>13,668,763</u>
NET LOSS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED	<u>\$ (0.00)</u>	<u>\$ (0.01)</u>	<u>\$ (0.01)</u>	<u>\$ (0.05)</u>

(2) The common stock shares authorized, issued and outstanding have been adjusted to reflect a 10 to 1 reverse split, which was effective in February 2014.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed financial statements.

BIO-SOLUTIONS CORP.
CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)
FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014 AND 2013
IN US\$

	NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014	NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net loss	\$ (253,319)	\$ (726,897)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Inventory write down	7,972	-
Common stock issued for services	66,376	613,619
Beneficial Conversion Feature of Notes Payable	63,641	(8,838)
Loss on conversion of debt	-	21,000
Change in assets and liabilities		
(Increase) decrease in inventory	4,050	(27,903)
(Increase) in prepaids	(467)	(4,959)
Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses	11,915	9,549
Total adjustments	153,487	602,468
Net cash used in operating activities	(99,832)	(124,429)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from notes and loans payable	100,000	123,622
Net cash provided by financing activities	100,000	123,622
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	168	(807)
CASH - BEGINNING OF PERIOD	711	1,076
CASH - END OF PERIOD	\$ 879	\$ 269
NONCASH OPERATING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Conversion of notes payable and accrued interest to common stock	\$ 39,691	\$ 110,824
Cancellation for 600,000 shares if common stock to settle liabilities	\$ 21,000	\$ -
Conversion of liability to common stock	\$ -	\$ 6,375
Acquisition of intellectual property of Type2 Defense for common shares	\$ -	\$ 225,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed financial statements.

BIO-SOLUTIONS CORP.
NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2014 AND 2013 (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The unaudited condensed financial statements included herein have been prepared, without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”). The unaudited condensed financial statements and notes are presented as permitted on Form 10-Q and do not contain information included in the Company’s annual statements and notes. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations, although the Company believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. It is suggested that these financial statements be read in conjunction with the December 31, 2013 10K and audited financial statements and the accompanying notes thereto. While management believes the procedures followed in preparing these financial statements are reasonable, the accuracy of the amounts are in some respects dependent upon the facts that will exist, and procedures that will be accomplished by the Company later in the year.

These unaudited condensed financial statements reflect all adjustments, including normal recurring adjustments which, in the opinion of management, are necessary to present fairly the operations and cash flows for the periods presented.

On March 27, 2007, Bio-Solutions Corp. (the “Company”) was incorporated in the State of Nevada.

The Company was a manufacturer of a pre-mix for chicken integrators called Nutra-Animal, a pre-mix anti-oxidant containing wheat middlings, vitamin E, calcium carbonate, silicone dioxide, shrimp flour, sodium selenite and fish oil. The Company is also the distributor of GreenEx™ in Africa. GreenEx™ is a biological larvicide produced from a strain of *Bacillus thuringiensis* subspecies *israelensis* (Bti), a naturally occurring bacterium that produces a crystalline protein toxin (cystal) toxic for mosquitoes, vectors of Malaria. GreenEx™ formulations are produced in the United States to strict manufacturing specifications, ensuring that the products are of high quality and without any harmful contaminants.

On June 30, 2010, the board of directors approved the increase of the authorized shares of common stock from 75,000,000 to 90,000,000. In addition the board approved a 1.20 to 1 stock split. All shares have been reflected retroactively in accordance with SAB Topic 14C.

On September 26, 2011, the Company acquired all the assets and intellectual property rights of Type2Defense, a natural dietary supplement formulated to support healthy glucose levels for type 2 diabetics and pre-diabetics.

During October 2011, the Company decided to abandon the former operations to focus solely on the Type2Defense product. All inventories from the former products were written off as of October 1, 2011.

During October 2012, the board of directors increased the number of common shares authorized from 90,000,000 to 200,000,000 shares.

The first production run of the Company’s Type2Defense product was completed during June 2013. On July 8, 2013 the Company announced our product was available for on-line sales on Amazon.com. On July 9, 2013, the Company announced our product was available for on-line sales from our www.Type2Defense.com website. The first sale was completed in July 2013. Since the Company generated nominal revenues from our Type2Defense product in the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013, the Company elected to declare the \$200,000 intellectual property for Type2Defense, recorded as other intangible assets, as impaired at December 31, 2013.

On January 10, 2014, the Company's Board of Directors unanimously voted to reverse split the Company's common stock on the basis of one share of the Company's common stock for each 10 shares outstanding while maintaining the authorized capital structure of the Company at 200,000,000 shares. The Board resolution set the date of record for shareholder approval on January 14, 2014. As of January 29, 2014, the Company obtained the written consent in lieu of a meeting of the shareholders to authorize a reverse split of the Company's common stock. Shareholders owning a total of 100,992,469 shares of the Company's common stock voted in favor of the reverse split. There were a total of 199,611,900 shares of common stock issued and outstanding as of January 14, 2014 (the date of record). The number of shares of common stock voting in favor of the reverse split was sufficient for approval. On February 4, 2014, the Company filed a Certificate of Change with the State of Nevada effecting a 1-for-10 reverse split pursuant to which every ten shares of the Company's common stock were combined and converted into one share of the Company's common stock (with all fractional shares resulting there from being rounded up to the next whole share) with the total number of shares of the Company's authorized common stock remaining at 200,000,000 shares. The effective date of the above corporate action was February 26, 2014, as approved by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority.

On April 8, 2014, the Company appointed James Hodge as Chairman of the Company's board of directors.

On April 8, 2014, in a special meeting of the board of directors, the board voted in favor of amending the Company's Bylaws to decrease the number of members of the board of directors from three to one. Messrs. Gallagher and Metzger agreed to resign from the board and accept other duties for the Company.

On April 21, 2014, the Company promoted Thomas Metzger PhD, President to Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer. In addition, Peggy Knight, Executive Vice-President of Marketing was promoted to Chief Marketing Officer.

On July 22, 2014, Thomas Metzger PhD, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, President and Chief Operating Officer resigned from the Company to pursue other interests. In addition, James Hodge, Chairman of the Board of Directors was appointed interim Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer.

On October 1, 2014, the Company entered into an Intellectual Property Purchase Agreement to purchase the "Glucose Health Natural Blood Sugar Maintenance" product from BTB Management LLC. BTB Management LLC was compensated with 15,000,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock. BTB is a Company owned by Murray Fleming, the Company's CEO. Although we intend to market our new Glucose Health product on Amazon.com, our principal marketing focus will be channel sales through national and regional pharmacy retailers. In this regard, we retained an attorney specializing in compliance with Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulations necessary, in part, to achieve such channel sales, to assist us. In June of 2013, we manufactured 1764 cases of our first product Type2Defense. As of the current period, our remaining inventory of Type2 Defense product on-hand is -0- and remaining inventory placed with our channel sales partner is 858 cases. We do not intend to manufacture additional Type2Defense product.

On October 1, 2014, Murray Fleming was appointed as the Company's Chief Executive Officer for the 12 month period ending October 1, 2015. Mr. Fleming was compensated with 15,000,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock. On October 1, 2014, Mr. Fleming beneficially owned 30,000,000 shares or 50.1% of the outstanding shares of the Company's common stock which resulted in a change in control of the Company.

Going Concern

These unaudited condensed financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which implies the Company will continue to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company has not generated significant revenues since inception and has generated losses totaling \$5,155,040 since inception and needs to raise additional funds to carry out its business plan. The continuation of the Company as a going concern is dependent upon the continued financial support from its shareholders, and the ability of the Company to obtain necessary equity financing to continue operations. The Company has had very little operating history to date. These unaudited condensed financial statements do not include any adjustments to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. These factors raise substantial doubt regarding the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern.

The Company estimates it will require \$90,000 in total capital for its operations for Fiscal 2014. Besides generating revenues from current operations, the Company may need to raise additional capital to expand operations to the point at which the Company can achieve profitability. The terms of equity that may be raised may not be on terms deemed acceptable by the Company. Therefore, if adequate funds cannot be raised from outside of the Company, the Company's officers and director may need to contribute funds to sustain operations.

BIO-SOLUTIONS CORP.
NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2014 AND 2013 (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Prior period correction in the three months ended December 31, 2013

Beginning in the three months ended June 30, 2012 and through the three months ended September 30, 2013, the Company improperly valued the potential beneficial conversion option of the Company's convertible notes payable. Based on ASC 470-20-30-16 through 30-18, the beneficial conversion option should have been valued based on the fair market value on the date of issuance and recorded as a debt discount. The debt discount should have been amortized over the term of the convertible note (longest term was 6 months). The accumulated impact of the correction was a charge to interest expense of \$141,267 and a charge to debt discount on notes payable of \$18,508 offset by a credit to additional paid in capital of \$159,775. In-addition, during the quarter ended June 30, 2013, the Company improperly recorded stock-based compensation issued to the Company's former chief executive officer upon achievement of operational milestones for the Type2Defense product (see Note 6) as intellectual property. Based on ASC 718-10 and ASC 505-50 this amount should have been classified as stock based compensation on the date earned. The accumulated impact of the correction on the financial statements was a charge to stock based compensation of \$231,600 and a credit to intellectual property of \$231,600.

In accordance with the Securities and Exchange Commission's Staff Accounting Bulletin, or SAB, No. 99, Materiality, and SAB No. 108, the Company assessed the materiality of these charges to its financial statements for the quarters ended June 30, 2012 through September 30, 2013 and the year ended December 31, 2013, using both the roll-over method and iron-curtain method as defined in SAB No. 108. The Company concluded the effect of understating interest expense and share-based compensation was not material to its financial statements for the quarters ended June 30, 2012 through September 30, 2013 and the year ended December 31, 2013 and, as such, those financial statements are not materially misstated. The Company also concluded that providing for the correction of the understatement in 2013 would not have a material effect on its financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2013.

The out-of-period adjustment at December 31, 2013 for the improperly valued beneficial conversion option of the Company's convertible notes payable was a charge to interest expense of \$141,267 and charge to debt discount on notes payable of \$18,508 offset by a credit to additional paid in capital of \$159,775 in the accompanying balance sheet and statement of operations. The out-of-period adjustment at December 31, 2013 for improperly recording stock-based compensation issued to the Company's former Chief executive officer upon achievement of operational milestones as intellectual property was a charge to stock based compensation of \$231,600 and a credit to intellectual property of \$231,600 in the accompanying balance sheet and statement of operations. The impact of the misstatements on the previously issued financial statements and the effect of correcting the misstatements during the three months ended December 31, 2013 are as follows:

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Misstatements on previously issued financial statements:

	As Previously Reported	Correct Amount	Adjustment
<u>Quarter Ended June 30, 2012</u>			
Beneficial Conversion Interest Expense	162,356	35,156	(127,200)
Discount on Notes Payable	-	19,171	19,171
Additional paid in capital	(162,356)	(54,327)	108,029
<u>Quarter Ended September 30, 2012</u>			
Beneficial Conversion Interest Expense	73,182	31,191	(41,991)
Discount on Notes Payable	-	1,809	1,809
Additional paid in capital	(73,182)	(33,000)	40,182
<u>Quarter Ended December 31, 2012</u>			
Beneficial Conversion Interest Expense	(201,242)	26,221	227,463
Discount on Notes Payable	-	(10,721)	(10,721)
Additional paid in capital	201,242	(15,500)	(216,742)
<u>Year Ended December 31, 2012</u>			
Beneficial Conversion Interest Expense	34,296	92,569	58,273
Discount on Notes Payable	-	10,258	10,258
Additional paid in capital	(34,296)	(102,827)	(68,531)
<u>Quarter Ended March 31, 2013</u>			
Beneficial Conversion Interest Expense	42,074	22,638	(19,436)
Discount on Notes Payable	-	2,575	2,575
Additional paid in capital	(42,074)	(25,213)	16,861
<u>Quarter Ended June 30, 2013</u>			
Stock Based Compensation	-	231,600	231,600
Beneficial Conversion Interest Expense	57,754	19,615	(38,139)
Intellectual property	231,600	-	(231,600)
Discount on Notes Payable	-	27,578	27,578
Additional paid in capital	(57,754)	(47,193)	10,561
<u>Quarter Ended September 30, 2013</u>			
Beneficial Conversion Interest Expense	(108,666)	31,903	140,569
Discount on Notes Payable	-	(21,903)	(21,903)
Additional paid in capital	108,666	(10,000)	(118,666)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Effect of correcting the misstatements during the three months ended December 31, 2013:

	As Previously Reported	Corrected Amount	Adjustment
<u>Quarter Ended December 31, 2013</u>			
Stock Based Compensation	-	231,600	231,600
Beneficial Conversion Interest Expense	-	141,267	141,267
Intellectual property	-	(231,600)	(231,600)
Discount on Notes Payable	-	18,508	18,508
Additional paid in capital	-	(159,775)	(159,775)

Year Ended December 31, 2013

Stock Based Compensation	-	231,600	231,600
Beneficial Conversion Interest Expense	(8,838)	141,267	150,105
Intellectual property	231,600	-	(231,600)
Discount on Notes Payable	-	18,508	18,508
Additional paid in capital	8,838	(159,775)	(168,613)

Effect on previously filed financial statements:

	As Previously Reported	Adjustment	As Revised
<u>Quarter Ended June 30, 2012</u>			
Interest (expense) income	(163,323)	127,200	(36,123)
Net loss	(184,597)	127,200	(57,397)
Short - term loan - convertible	47,150	(19,171)	27,979
Total liabilities	179,490	(19,171)	160,319
Additional paid in capital	3,292,105	(108,029)	3,184,076
Accumulated deficit during development stage	(361,883)	127,200	(234,683)
Total stockholders' equity	54,330	19,171	73,501

Quarter Ended September 30, 2012

Interest (expense) income	(73,975)	41,991	(31,985)
Net loss	(282,940)	41,991	(240,950)
Short - term loan - convertible	79,717	(20,979)	58,738
Total liabilities	457,889	(20,979)	436,910
Additional paid in capital	3,496,212	(148,211)	3,348,001
Accumulated deficit during development stage	(657,323)	169,190	(488,133)
Total stockholders' equity	(224,012)	20,979	(203,033)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

	As Previously Reported	Adjustment	As Revised
<u>Year Ended December 31, 2012</u>			
Interest (expense) income	(37,655)	(58,273)	(95,928)
Net loss	(399,078)	(58,273)	(457,351)
Short - term loan - convertible	60,680	(10,258)	50,422
Total liabilities	185,476	(10,258)	175,218
Additional paid in capital	3,588,967	68,531	3,657,498
Accumulated deficit during development stage	(568,650)	(58,273)	(626,923)
Total stockholders' equity	22,200	10,258	32,458
<u>Quarter Ended March 31, 2013</u>			
Interest (expense) income	(43,189)	19,436	(23,753)
Net loss	(235,696)	19,436	(216,260)
Short - term loan - convertible	63,168	(12,833)	50,335
Total liabilities	358,442	(12,833)	345,609
Additional paid in capital	3,773,560	51,670	3,825,230
Accumulated deficit during development stage	(804,346)	(38,837)	(843,183)
Total stockholders' deficiency	(108,354)	12,833	(95,521)
<u>Quarter Ended June 30, 2013</u>			
Operating Expense	285,566	231,600	517,166
Net loss before other expense	(285,566)	(231,600)	(517,166)
Interest (expense) income	(59,068)	38,139	(20,929)
Net loss	(344,634)	(193,461)	(538,095)
Intellectual property	431,600	(231,600)	200,000
Total Assets	492,016	(231,600)	260,416
Short - term loan - convertible	108,494	(40,411)	68,083
Total liabilities	234,699	(40,411)	194,288
Additional paid in capital	4,381,309	41,109	4,422,418
Accumulated deficit during development stage	(1,148,980)	(232,298)	(1,381,278)
Total stockholders' equity	257,317	(191,189)	66,128
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	492,016	(231,600)	260,416
<u>Quarter Ended September 30, 2013</u>			
Interest (expense) income	107,492	(140,569)	(33,077)
Total other (expense) Income	86,492	(140,569)	(54,077)
Net loss	(146,567)	(140,569)	(287,136)
Intellectual property	431,600	(231,600)	200,000
Total Assets	464,732	(231,600)	233,132
Short - term loan - convertible	91,716	(18,508)	73,208
Total liabilities	242,449	(18,508)	223,941
Additional paid in capital	4,384,693	159,775	4,544,468
Accumulated deficit during development stage	(1,295,547)	(372,867)	(1,668,414)
Total stockholders' equity	222,283	(213,092)	9,191
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	464,732	(231,600)	233,132

BIO-SOLUTIONS CORP.
NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2014 AND 2013 (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The Company provides estimates for its common stock valuations, inventory reserves, and valuation allowances for deferred taxes.

Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The Company adopted ASC 220-10, "Reporting Comprehensive Income." ASC 220-10 requires the reporting of comprehensive income in addition to net income from operations.

Comprehensive income is a more inclusive financial reporting methodology that includes disclosure of information that historically has not been recognized in the calculation of net income.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments and other short-term investments with maturity of three months or less, when purchased, to be cash equivalents. There were no cash equivalents as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

The Company maintains cash balances at one financial institution that is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Recoverability of Long-Lived Assets

The Company reviews their long-lived assets on a periodic basis, namely intellectual property, whenever events and changes in circumstances have occurred which may indicate a possible impairment. The assessment for potential impairment will be based primarily on the Company's ability to recover the carrying value of its long-lived assets from expected future cash flows from its operations on an undiscounted basis. If such assets are determined to be impaired, the impairment recognized is the amount by which the carrying value of the assets exceeds the fair value of the assets. Fixed assets to be disposed of by sale will be carried at the lower of the then current carrying value or fair value less estimated costs to sell.

The Company evaluates the carrying value of goodwill during the fourth quarter of each year and between annual evaluations if events occur or circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of the reporting unit below its carrying amount. Such circumstances could include, but are not limited to (1) a significant adverse change in legal factors or in business climate, (2) unanticipated competition, or (3) an adverse action or assessment by a regulator. When evaluating whether goodwill is impaired, the Company compares the fair value of the reporting unit to which the goodwill is assigned to the reporting unit's carrying amount, including goodwill. The fair value of the reporting unit is estimated using a combination of the income, or discounted cash flows, approach and the market approach, which utilizes comparable companies' data. If the carrying amount of a reporting unit exceeds its fair value, then the amount of the impairment loss must be measured. The impairment loss would be calculated by comparing the implied fair value of reporting unit goodwill to its carrying amount. In calculating the implied fair value of reporting unit goodwill, the fair value of the reporting unit is allocated to all of the other assets and liabilities of that unit based on their fair values. The excess of the fair value of a reporting unit over the amount assigned to its other assets and liabilities is the implied fair value of goodwill.

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NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

We make critical assumptions and estimates in completing impairment assessments of goodwill and other intangible assets. Our cash flow projections look several years into the future and include assumptions on variables such as future sales and operating margin growth rates, economic conditions, market competition, inflation and discount rates. A 10% decrease in the estimated discounted cash flows for the reporting units tested would result in an impairment that is not material to our results of operations. A 1.0 percentage point increase in the discount rate used would also result in an impairment that is not material to our results of operations.

We amortize the cost of other intangible assets over their estimated useful lives, which range up to ten years, unless such lives are deemed indefinite. Intangible assets with indefinite lives are tested in the third quarter of each fiscal year for impairment, or more often if indicators warrant.

During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013, the Company recorded an impairment charge related to other intangible assets in the amount of \$200,000.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying amount reported in the balance sheets for cash, accounts payable, accrued expenses, and short-term notes approximate fair value because of the immediate or short-term maturity of these financial instruments. The Company does not utilize derivative instruments.

Beneficial Conversion Features

ASC 470-20 applies to convertible securities with beneficial conversion features that must be settled in stock and to those that give the issuer a choice in settling the obligation in either stock or cash. ASC 470-20 requires that the beneficial conversion feature should be valued at the commitment date as the difference between the conversion price and the fair market value of the common stock into which the security is convertible, multiplied by the number of shares into which the security is convertible. This amount is recorded as a debt discount and amortized over the life of the debt. ASC 470-20 further limits this amount to the proceeds allocated to the convertible instrument.

Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes utilizing the liability method of accounting. Under the liability method, deferred taxes are determined based on differences between financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities at enacted tax rates in effect in years in which differences are expected to reverse. Valuation allowances are established, when necessary, to reduce deferred tax assets to amounts that are expected to be realized.

The Company follows ASC 740-10, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes" ("ASC 740-10"). This interpretation requires recognition and measurement of uncertain income tax positions using a "more-likely-than-not" approach. ASC 740-10 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. Management has adopted ASC 740-10 for 2007, and they evaluate their tax positions on an annual basis, and have determined that as of December 31, 2013, no additional accrual for income taxes is necessary. The Company's policy is to recognize both interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits expected to result in payment of cash within one year are classified as accrued liabilities, while those expected beyond one year are classified as other liabilities. The Company has not recorded any interest or penalties since its inception.

The Company files income tax returns in the U.S. federal tax jurisdiction and various state tax jurisdictions. The tax years for 2009 to 2012 remain open for examination by federal and/or state tax jurisdictions. The Company is currently not under examination by any other tax jurisdictions for any tax year.

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NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenue Recognition

The Company currently has minimal revenue. The Company uses the following criteria for revenue recognition:

- 1) Persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists;
- 2) delivery has occurred or services have been rendered;
- 3) the seller's price to the buyer is fixed or determinable, and
- 4) collectable is reasonably assured.

Share Based Compensation

The Company accounts for share-based compensation in accordance with the fair value recognition provisions of the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") No. 718 and No. 505. For employees, directors and non-employees, the fair value of the stock compensation is based upon the measurement date as determined at either (a) the date at which a performance commitment is reached, or (b) at the date at which the necessary performance to earn the equity instruments is complete. The Company has not issued any stock options or warrants.

(Loss) Per Share of Common Stock

Basic net loss per common share is computed using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share (EPS) include additional dilution from common stock equivalents, such as stock issuable pursuant to the exercise of stock options warrants and convertible notes. Common stock equivalents are not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share when the Company reports a loss because to do so would be anti-dilutive for periods presented. The Company has not issued any options or warrants to date. At September 30, 2014, the total shares issuable upon conversion of convertible notes payable would be approximately 23,219,000 shares of the Company's common stock.

Inventory

Inventory is stated at the lower of cost (FIFO: first-in, first-out) or market, and includes raw materials and finished goods. The cost of finished goods includes the cost of packaging supplies, direct and indirect labor and other indirect manufacturing costs. As of September 30, 2014, the Company had inventory of \$12,857 comprise solely of the Type2Defense product. On April 1, 2014, the Company wrote down the inventory value to \$15 per box. A charge of \$7,972 was recorded in the accompanying condensed statement of operations. With the acquisition of the "Glucose Health Natural Blood Sugar Maintenance" product from BTB Management LLC, the Company will discontinue manufacturing the Type2Defense product.

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NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Recent Issued Accounting Standards

On June 10, 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-10, *Development Stage Entities (Topic 915)*. The amendments in this update remove the definition of a development stage entity from Topic 915, thereby removing the distinction between development stage entities and other reporting entities from U.S. GAAP. In addition, the amendments eliminate the requirements for development stage entities to (1) present inception-to-date information on the statements of income, cash flows, and shareholder's equity, (2) label the financial statements as those of a development stage entity, (3) disclose a description of the development stage activities in which the entity is engaged, and (4) disclose in the first year in which the entity is no longer a development stage entity that in prior years it had been in the development stage. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is adopted this accounting standard at June 30, 2014.

There were other updates recently issued, most of which represented technical corrections to the accounting literature or application to specific industries and are not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

NOTE 3 - STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)

The Company was established with one class of stock, common stock – 75,000,000 shares authorized at a par value of \$0.001. On June 30, 2010, the authorized shares were increased to 90,000,000. In October 2012, the Company increased the authorized common shares to 200,000,000.

During January 2013, a consultant was granted 150,000 registered shares of the Company's common stock in their S-8 registration filed in March 2013 for website services. The shares were valued at \$15,000 or \$0.10 per share. The shares were issued on March 8, 2013.

During January 2013, a consultant was granted 200,000 registered shares of the Company's common stock in their S-8 registration filed in March 2013 for legal services to the Company. The shares were valued at \$26,000 or \$0.13 per share. The shares were issued on March 8, 2013.

During January 2013 a consultant was issued 200,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock for marketing services to the Company. These shares were valued at \$26,000 or \$0.13 per share.

During January 2013 a consultant was granted 50,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock for accounting and finance services to the Company. These shares were valued at \$6,000 or \$0.12 per share. The shares were issued on April 23, 2013.

During January 2013, a consultant was granted 62,500 registered shares of the Company's common stock in their S-8 registration filed March 2013 for marketing services to the Company. The shares were valued at \$6,938 or \$0.111 per share. The shares were issued on March 8, 2013.

During January 2013, a consultant was granted 450,000 registered shares of the Company's common stock in their S-8 registration filed March 2013 for marketing services to the Company. The shares were valued at \$50,000 or \$0.111 per share. The shares were issued on March 15, 2013.

During January and February 2013, a convertible promissory note totaling \$30,983 including interest was fully converted into 442,617 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.07 per share.

BIO-SOLUTIONS CORP.
NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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NOTE 3 - STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT) (CONTINUED)

During February 2013, a consultant was granted 450,000 registered shares of the Company's common stock in their S-8 registration filed March 2013 for marketing services to the Company. The Company issued 300,000 shares on April 23, 2013 and issued the remaining 150,000 shares on June 10, 2013 upon fulfilling certain performance obligations under the agreement. The 300,000 shares were valued at \$56,700 or \$0.189 per share and the 150,000 shares were valued at \$19,500 or \$.13 per share for an aggregate of \$76,200.

During March 2013, a consultant was granted 450,000 registered shares of the Company's common stock in their S-8 registration filed March 2013 for marketing services to the Company. The Company issued 300,000 shares on April 22, 2013 and issued the remaining 150,000 shares on June 10, 2013 upon fulfilling certain performance obligations under the agreement. The 300,000 shares were valued at \$69,000 or \$0.23 per share and the 150,000 shares were valued at \$19,500 or \$.13 per share for an aggregate of \$88,500.

On March 4, 2013, the Company filed a Form S-8 with the Security and Exchange Commission. The 2013 Stock Incentive Plan may issue up to 30,000,000 registered shares of the Company's common stock for services to the Company. The Company granted 25,625,000 (2,562,500 post reverse split shares) shares under this plan during the year ended December 31, 2013.

During March 2013, a convertible promissory note was partially converted into unregistered shares of the Company's common stock. The amount totaled \$3,091 including interest was converted into 44,158 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.07 per share.

During March 2013, a convertible promissory notes totaling \$4,433.61 including interest was fully converted into 177,344 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.025 per share. The shares were issued on April 3, 2013.

During April 2013, the Company issued 50,000 registered shares of the Company's common stock in their S-8 registration filed March 2013 to settle an accounts payable. These shares were valued at \$0.128 per share or \$6,375.

During April 2013, a convertible promissory note was converted into unregistered shares of the Company's common stock. The amount totaled \$10,266 including interest was converted into 146,654 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.07 per share.

During May 2013 a consultant was granted 10,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock for investor relation services to the Company. These shares were valued at \$1,410 or \$0.141 per share.

During May 2013, a convertible promissory note was converted into unregistered shares of the Company's common stock. The amount totaled \$7,175 including interest was converted into 102,500 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.07 per share.

During June 2013, a director was issued 250,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock for marketing services compensation. These shares were valued at \$0.15 per share or \$37,500.

During June 2013, an employee was issued 350,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock for website services and salary compensation. These shares were valued at \$0.15 per share or \$52,500.

During June 2013, a consultant was issued 250,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock for warehousing and fulfillment services compensation. These shares were valued at \$0.15 per share or \$37,500.

During June 2013, our former Chief executive officer was issued 1,500,000 unregistered shares of the Company's

common stock for fulfilling provisions in the Type2 acquisition agreement dated September 26, 2011. These shares were valued at \$0.15 per share or \$225,000.

During June 2013, a consultant was issued 250,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock for investor relations compensation. These shares were valued at \$0.15 per share or \$37,500.

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NOTE 3 - STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT) (CONTINUED)

During July 2013, a convertible promissory note was converted into unregistered shares of the Company's common stock. The amount totaled \$7,688 including interest was converted into 153,750 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.05 per share.

During August 2013, a consultant was granted 750,000 registered shares of the Company's common stock in their S-8 registration filed March 2013 for marketing services and creating an infomercial for the Company. The shares were valued at \$75,000 or \$0.10 per share.

During August 2013, a convertible promissory note was converted into unregistered shares of the Company's common stock. The amount totaled \$12,500 was converted into 125,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.10 per share.

During September 2013, a convertible promissory note was converted into unregistered shares of the Company's common stock. The amount totaled \$7,688 including interest was converted into 153,750 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.05 per share.

During September 2013, a third party purchased a \$12,000 demand promissory note dated January 25, 2013 from one of the Company's investors. According to the release and settlement between the Company and the third party, the note may be converted into unregistered shares of the Company's common stock for \$0.01 per share. The third party partially converted \$6,000 of the demand promissory note into 600,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.01 per share. In addition, the Company recorded a loss on conversion of debt for \$21,000 in the accompanying statements of operations for the difference between the fair market value to the Company's common stock and the conversion price. The fair market value on the date of conversion was \$0.045 per share.

During November 2013, a convertible promissory note was converted into unregistered shares of the Company's common stock. On November 7, 2013, the Company agreed to modify the terms of the convertible promissory note to reduce the conversion price from \$0.10 per share and to \$0.015 per share. The amount totaled \$10,750 including interest was converted into 716,667 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.015 per share.

During December 2013, a convertible promissory note was converted into unregistered shares of the Company's common stock. On November 7, 2013, the Company agreed to modify the terms of the convertible promissory note to reduce the conversion price from \$0.05 per share and to \$0.015 per share. The amount totaled \$10,189 including interest was converted into 679,251 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.015 per share.

During December 2013, a consultant was granted 800,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock for a clinical research study on our Type2Defense product. These shares were valued at \$0.018 per share or \$14,400. The shares were issued in January 2014.

During January 2014, our former chief executive officer canceled 600,000 of his personal unregistered shares of the Company's common stock to satisfy a promissory note conversion request. These shares were valued at \$0.035 per share or \$21,000.

During January 2014, a promissory note was converted into unregistered shares of the Company's common stock. The amount totaled \$12,849 including interest was converted into 856,632 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.015 per share. On January 6, 2014, the Company agreed to modify the terms of this \$12,500 convertible promissory notes dated May 27, 2013. The conversion rate was reduced from \$0.05 per share to \$0.015 per share.

During March 2014, a promissory note was partially converted into unregistered shares of the Company's common stock. The amount totaled \$4,000 was converted into 800,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at

\$0.005 per share.

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NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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NOTE 3 - STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT) (CONTINUED)

During March 2014, a promissory note was converted into unregistered shares of the Company's common stock. The amount totaled \$13,151 including interest was converted into 658,594 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.020 per share.

During March 2014, the Company signed an agreement with a firm to provide strategic business development activities for the Company. The firm will be compensated with 360,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock payable in increments of 30,000 shares per month for twelve (12) months starting on April 1, 2014. As of September 30, 2014, the Company issued 150,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock which were valued at \$0.014 per share or \$2,109 and the consultant has earned an additional 30,000 shares at \$0.0124 per share or \$372.

On April 7, 2014, the Company terminated the Marketing Services Agreement Dated July 24, 2013 between the Company and Damon R Devitt to produce an infomercial for the Type2Defense product. The Company acknowledges that the infomercial stated in the Marketing Services Agreement dated July 24, 2013 has been completed, but the Company does not desire to complete a media placement using the infomercial or use this infomercial for any benefit to the Company. The Company has resolved to move in a different direction for marketing the Type2Defense product. In addition, the Company acknowledges it owes Mr. Devitt 7,500,000 S-8 shares for completing the infomercial, which must be adjusted for the Company's 1 for 10 reverse split declared effective on February 26, 2014. Thus, the Company issued 750,000 S-8 shares ($7,500,000 / 10$) to Mr. Devitt at \$.0151 per share on April 15, 2014.

During April 2014, Thomas E. Metzger, PhD, President, Chief Operating Officer and director resigned from the Company's board of directors. Mr. Metzger signed a twelve (12) month consulting agreement to continue as the Company's President. Mr. Metzger will receive Two Hundred and Fifty Thousand (250,000) unregistered shares of the Company's common stock in consideration for prior services rendered to the Company. In addition, the Company agreed to pay Mr. Metzger \$18,000 for the twelve month consulting period. In lieu of cash, the Company will issue unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at September 4, 2014 equal to \$18,000 with a cap of 250,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock which shall be determined based on the average closing price of the Company's common stock, as publicly traded, during the last five (5) business days prior to September 8, 2014. On July 22, 2014, Mr. Metzger resigned from the Company and the board approved issuing Mr Metzger 250,000 shares due September 4, 2014 according to the April 2014 agreement in July 2014.

During April 2014, the Company's former chief executive officer was re-issued 600,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock which were canceled in January 2014 to satisfy a promissory note conversion request. These shares were valued at \$0.035 per share or \$21,000.

During April 2014, Thomas Metzger, the Company's former chief executive officer/chief financial officer was issued 250,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock for compensation. These shares were valued at \$0.0151 per share or \$3,775.

During April 2014, James Hodge, the Company's chairman of the board of directors, was issued 250,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock for joining the Company's board. These shares were valued at \$0.0151 per share or \$3,775. In addition, the Company agreed to pay Mr. Hodge \$4,500 per quarter for the twelve month consulting period and aggregate of \$18,000. In lieu of cash, the Company will issue unregistered shares of the Company's common stock starting June 30, 2014 which shall be determined based on the average closing price of the Company's common stock, as publicly traded, during the last five (5) business days prior to the last day of each calendar quarter.

During April 2014, Peggy Knight the Company's chief marketing officer was issued 750,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock for marketing compensation. These shares were valued at \$0.0151 per share or \$11,325.

On June 27, 2014, the Company signed a one year consulting agreement with an individual to provide product marketing, endorsement and spokesperson services for the Company. The agreement began on May 10, 2014 and expires on May 10, 2015. The consultant will be compensated with 250,000 shares of the Company's common stock. These shares were issued in July 2014. In addition, the consultant may purchase 50,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$.0005 per share each quarter ending May 10, 2015 (an aggregate of 150,000 shares).

NOTE 3 - STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT) (CONTINUED)

On June 30, 2014, James Hodge, the Company's chairman of the board of directors, earned 346,154 shares of the Company's restricted common stock for service to the Company. These shares were valued at \$0.013 per share or \$4,500. These shares were earned in accordance to Mr. Hodge's April 2014 twelve month consulting agreement. The shares were issued in July 2014.

On July 7, 2014, the Company signed a consulting agreement with an individual to provide website services for the Company. The agreement began on July 1, 2014 and expires on August 1, 2015. The consultant will be compensated with 3,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The shares were issued in July 2014 and valued at \$69,000 or \$0.023 per share.

During July 2014, a promissory note was partially converted into unregistered shares of the Company's common stock. The amount totaled \$4,103 including accrued interest was converted into 820,606 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.005 per share.

On July 22, 2014, Thomas Metzger PhD, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, President and Chief Operating Officer resigned from the Company to pursue other interests. Per board consent signed July 22, 2014, the 250,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock due to Mr. Metzger on September 4, 2014 in accordance with his consulting agreement signed in April 2014 were issued in July 2014.

During August 2014, a promissory note was partially converted into unregistered shares of the Company's common stock. The amount totaled \$3,059 including accrued interest was converted into 611,754 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.005 per share.

During September 2014, a promissory note was partially converted into unregistered shares of the Company's common stock. The amount totaled \$2,529 including accrued interest was converted into 505,754 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.005 per share.

On September 30, 2014, James Hodge, the Company's chairman of the board of directors, earned 750,000 shares of the Company's restricted common stock for service to the Company. These shares were valued at \$0.006 per share or \$4,500. These shares were earned in accordance to Mr. Hodge's April 2014 twelve month consulting agreement. The shares have not been issued as of October 21, 2014.

As of September 30, 2014, the Company had 29,922,271 shares of common stock issued and outstanding.

The Company has not issued any options or warrants to date.

NOTE 4 - NOTES PAYABLE

	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
	(unaudited)	
Short – Term Loans (Including accrued interest of \$228 and \$0 as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively) (A)	\$ 7,728	\$ 6,000
Short – Term Loans – Related Party (Including accrued interest of \$0 and \$172 as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively)	\$ -	\$ 1,672
Short – Term Loans – Convertible (Including accrued interest of \$6,061 and \$2,821 as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively and net of debt discount of \$9,000 and \$36,435 at September 30, 2014 and at December 31, 2013, respectively) (B)	109,348	71,043
Totals	<u>\$ 117,076</u>	<u>\$ 78,715</u>

(A) Short – Term Loans

On August 18, 2011, a former related party advanced \$1,500 to the Company. The advance is evidenced by a demand promissory note bearing interest at 5% per annum. The unpaid balance including accrued interest was \$1,728 and \$1,672 at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. This noted is included as short-term loans on the accompanying condensed balance sheet.

On January 25, 2013, the Company issued a \$12,000 promissory note to an individual. The loan bears interest at 5% and is payable on demand. On September 24, 2013, the note was sold to a third party and the accrued interest was forgiven. According to the release and settlement between the Company and the third party, the note may be converted into unregistered shares of the Company's common stock for \$.01 per share. The third party converted \$6,000 of the note into 600,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock for \$.01 per share. In addition, the Company recorded a loss on conversion of debt for \$21,000 in the accompanying statements of operations for the difference between the fair market value to the Company's common stock and the conversion price. The fair market value on the date of conversion was \$0.045 per share. The unpaid balance was \$6,000 at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013. This note is included as short - term loans on the accompanying condensed balance sheet.

(B) Short – Term Loans – Convertible

On April 20, 2012, the Company issued a \$2,500 convertible note to an individual. The loan bears interest at 5% and has a maturity date of October 20, 2012. In addition, at any time, the holder may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$0.009 per share. After the due date, the interest rate on the convertible note increased to 15%. The Company calculated the fair value of the beneficial conversion feature as the difference between the conversion price and the fair market value of the Company's common stock into on the date of issuance. The fair value of the conversion option in connection with the note on the date of issuance aggregated \$2,083, and was recorded as debt discount. The debt discount was amortized through the term of the note. The unpaid balance including accrued interest was \$3,297 and \$3,016 at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. The Company is not compliant with the repayment terms of the note and currently in default.

On May 10, 2012, the Company issued a \$2,600 convertible note to the Company's former CEO. The loan bears interest at 5% and has a maturity date of November 10, 2012. In addition, at any time, the Company's former CEO may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$0.009 per share. After the due date, the interest rate on the convertible note increases to 15%. The Company calculated the fair value of the beneficial conversion feature as the difference between the conversion price and the fair market value of the Company's common stock into on the date of issuance. The fair value of the conversion option in connection with the note on the date of issuance aggregated \$1,733, and was recorded as debt discount. The debt discount was amortized through the term of the note. During June 2013, the Company paid the principal balance of \$2,600 to the Company's former CEO.

NOTE 4 - NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

On July 18, 2012, the Company issued a \$30,000 convertible note to an individual. The loan bears interest at 5% and has a maturity date of December 18, 2012. In addition, at any time, the individual may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$0.07 per share. The Company calculated the fair value of the beneficial conversion feature as the difference between the conversion price and the fair market value of the Company's common stock into on the date of issuance. The fair value of the conversion option in connection with the note on the date of issuance aggregated \$30,000, and was recorded as debt discount. The debt discount was amortized through the term of the note. During January and February 2013, \$30,983 including accrued interest was converted into 442,617 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.07 per share to fully satisfy the promissory note.

On August 22, 2012, the Company issued a \$3,000 convertible note to an individual. The loan bears interest at 5% and has a maturity date of January 22, 2013. In addition, at any time, the individual may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$0.07 per share. The Company calculated the fair value of the beneficial conversion feature as the difference between the conversion price and the fair market value of the Company's common stock into on the date of issuance. The fair value of the conversion option in connection with the note on the date of issuance aggregated \$3,000, and was recorded as debt discount. The debt discount was amortized through the term of the note. During March 2013, \$3,091 including accrued interest was converted into 44,158 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.07 per share to fully satisfy the promissory note.

On October 19, 2012, the Company issued a \$10,000 convertible note to an individual. The loan bears interest at 5% and has a maturity date of April 19, 2013. In addition, at any time, the individual may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$0.07 per share. The Company calculated the fair value of the beneficial conversion feature as the difference between the conversion price and the fair market value of the Company's common stock into on the date of issuance. The fair value of the conversion option in connection with the note on the date of issuance aggregated \$3,000, and was recorded as debt discount. The debt discount was amortized through the term of the note. During April 2013, \$10,266 including accrued interest was converted into 146,654 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.07 per share to fully satisfy the promissory note.

On November 23, 2012, the Company issued a \$7,000 convertible note to an individual. The loan bears interest at 5% and has a maturity date of May 23, 2013. In addition, at any time, the individual may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$0.07 per share. The Company calculated the fair value of the beneficial conversion feature as the difference between the conversion price and the fair market value of the Company's common stock into on the date of issuance. The fair value of the conversion option in connection with the note on the date of issuance aggregated \$5,500, and was recorded as debt discount. The debt discount was amortized through the term of the note. During May 2013, \$7,175 including accrued interest was converted into 102,500 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.07 per share to fully satisfy the promissory note.

On January 28, 2013, the Company issued a \$12,500 convertible note to an individual. The loan bears interest at 5% and is payable on demand and may be converted at any time prior to December 31, 2013 into shares of the Company's common stock. The conversion price shall be 80% of the average closing price of the stock for the ten (10) business days preceding the conversion notice. The conversion price shall not be lower than \$0.10 per share. The Company calculated the fair value of the beneficial conversion feature as the difference between the conversion price and the fair market value of the Company's common stock into on the date of issuance. The fair value of the conversion option in connection with the note on the date of issuance aggregated \$8,508, and was recorded as debt discount. The debt discount was amortized through the term of the note. During August 2013, \$12,500 was converted into 125,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.10 per share to satisfy the principal balance of the promissory note. The unpaid balance of accrued interest was \$328 at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

On January 30, 2013, the Company issued a \$7,500 convertible note to an individual. The loan bears interest at 5% and has a maturity date of July 30, 2013. In addition, at any time, the holder may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$.05 per share. The Company calculated the fair value of the beneficial conversion feature as the difference between the conversion price and the fair market value of the Company's common stock into on the date of issuance. The fair value of the conversion option in connection with the

note on the date of issuance aggregated \$7,500, and was recorded as debt discount. The debt discount was amortized through the term of the note. During August 2013, \$7,688 including accrued interest was converted into 153,750 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.05 per share to fully satisfy the promissory note.

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NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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NOTE 4 - NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

On February 20, 2013, the Company issued a \$7,500 convertible note to an individual. The loan bears interest at 5% and has a maturity date of August 20, 2013. In addition, at any time, the holder may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$0.05 per share. The Company calculated the fair value of the beneficial conversion feature as the difference between the conversion price and the fair market value of the Company's common stock into on the date of issuance. The fair value of the conversion option in connection with the note on the date of issuance aggregated \$7,500, and was recorded as debt discount. The debt discount was amortized through the term of the note. During September 2013, \$7,688 including accrued interest was converted into 153,750 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.05 per share to fully satisfy the promissory note.

On February 26, 2013, the Company issued a \$12,500 convertible note to an individual. The loan bears interest at 5% and is payable on demand and may be converted at any time prior to January 31, 2014 into shares of the Company's common stock. The conversion price shall be 80% of the average closing price of the stock for the ten (10) business days preceding the conversion notice. The conversion price shall not be lower than \$0.01 per share. The Company calculated the fair value of the beneficial conversion feature as the difference between the conversion price and the fair market value of the Company's common stock into on the date of issuance. The fair value of the conversion option in connection with the note on the date of issuance aggregated \$1,705, and was recorded as debt discount. During March 2014, \$13,151 including interest was converted into 658,594 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.020 per share. The debt discount was amortized through the term of the note. The unpaid balance including accrued interest was \$13,021 at December 31, 2013.

On April 30, 2013, the Company issued a \$10,000 convertible note to an individual. The loan bears interest at 5% and has a maturity date of October 30, 2013. In addition, at any time, the holder may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$0.05 per share. The Company calculated the fair value of the beneficial conversion feature as the difference between the conversion price and the fair market value of the Company's common stock into on the date of issuance. The fair value of the conversion option in connection with the note on the date of issuance aggregated \$10,000, and was recorded as debt discount. The debt discount was amortized through the term of the note. On November 7, 2013, the Company agreed to modify the terms of the convertible promissory note to reduce the conversion price from \$0.05 per share and to \$0.015 per share. During November 2013, \$10,750 including accrued interest was converted into 716,667 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.015 per share to fully satisfy the promissory note.

On April 30, 2013, the Company issued a \$10,000 convertible note to an individual. The loan bears interest at 10% and has a maturity date of October 30, 2013. In addition, at any time, the holder may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$0.10 per share. The Company calculated the fair value of the beneficial conversion feature as the difference between the conversion price and the fair market value of the Company's common stock into on the date of issuance. The fair value of the conversion option in connection with the note on the date of issuance aggregated \$4,800, and was recorded as debt discount. The debt discount was amortized through the term of the note. On November 7, 2013, the Company agreed to modify the terms of the convertible promissory note to reduce the conversion price from \$0.10 per share to \$0.015 per share. During December 2013, \$10,189 including accrued interest was converted into 679,251 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.015 per share to fully satisfy the promissory note. In addition, the fair value of the conversion option in connection with the note on the date of modification aggregated \$5,200, and was recorded as debt discount. Since the note was past due and in default, the debt discount was recognized as interest expense on the date of modification.

BIO-SOLUTIONS CORP.
NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2014 AND 2013 (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 4 - NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

On May 27, 2013, the Company issued a \$12,500 convertible note to an individual. The loan bears interest at 5% and has a maturity date of November 27, 2013. In addition, at any time, the holder may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$.005 per share. The Company calculated the fair value of the beneficial conversion feature as the difference between the conversion price and the fair market value of the Company's common stock into on the date of issuance. The fair value of the conversion option in connection with the note on the date of issuance aggregated \$12,500, and was recorded as debt discount. The debt discount was amortized through the term of the note. On January 6, 2014, the Company agreed to modify the terms of this \$12,500 convertible promissory notes dated May 27, 2013. The conversion rate was reduced from \$0.05 per share to \$0.015 per share. During January 2014, \$12,849 including interest was converted into 856,632 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.015 per share to fully satisfy the promissory note. The unpaid balance including accrued interest was \$12,865 at December 31, 2013.

On June 11, 2013, the Company issued a \$6,500 convertible note to an individual. The loan bears interest at 5% and has a maturity date of August 11, 2013. In addition, at any time, the holder may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$.0065 per share. The Company calculated the fair value of the beneficial conversion feature as the difference between the conversion price and the fair market value of the Company's common stock into on the date of issuance. The fair value of the conversion option in connection with the note on the date of issuance aggregated \$2,500, and was recorded as debt discount. The debt discount was amortized through the term of the note. The unpaid balance including accrued interest was \$6,920 and \$6,676 at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. The Company is not compliant with the repayment terms of the note and currently in default.

On June 11, 2013, the Company issued a \$6,222 convertible note to an individual. The loan bears interest at 5% and has a maturity date of August 11, 2013. In addition, at any time, the holder may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$.0065 per share. The Company calculated the fair value of the beneficial conversion feature as the difference between the conversion price and the fair market value of the Company's common stock into on the date of issuance. The fair value of the conversion option in connection with the note on the date of issuance aggregated \$2,393, and was recorded as debt discount. The debt discount was amortized through the term of the note. The unpaid balance including accrued interest was \$6,624 and \$6,391 at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. The Company is not compliant with the repayment terms of the note and currently in default.

On June 11, 2013, the Company issued a \$6,500 convertible note to an individual. The loan bears interest at 5% and has a maturity date of August 11, 2013. In addition, at any time, the holder may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$.0065 per share. The Company calculated the fair value of the beneficial conversion feature as the difference between the conversion price and the fair market value of the Company's common stock into on the date of issuance. The fair value of the conversion option in connection with the note on the date of issuance aggregated \$2,500, and was recorded as debt discount. The debt discount was amortized through the term of the note. The unpaid balance including accrued interest was \$6,920 and \$6,676 at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. The Company is not compliant with the repayment terms of the note and currently in default.

On June 18, 2013, the Company issued a \$12,500 convertible note to an individual. The loan bears interest at 5% and has a maturity date of December 18, 2013. In addition, at any time, the holder may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$.005 per share. The Company calculated the fair value of the beneficial conversion feature as the difference between the conversion price and the fair market value of the Company's common stock into on the date of issuance. The fair value of the conversion option in connection with the note on the date of issuance aggregated \$12,500, and was recorded as debt discount. The debt discount was amortized through the term of the note. During March 2014, \$4,000 was converted into 800,000 unregistered shares of the

Company's common stock at \$0.005 per share. During July 2014, \$4,103 including accrued interest was converted into 820,606 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.005 per share. During August 2014, \$3,059 including accrued interest was converted into 611,754 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.005 per share. During September 2014, \$2,529 including accrued interest was converted into 505,754 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.005 per share to fully satisfy the promissory note. The unpaid balance including accrued interest was \$12,839 at December 31, 2013.

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NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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NOTE 4 - NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

On June 18, 2013, the Company issued a \$12,500 convertible note to an individual. The loan bears interest at 5% and has a maturity date of December 18, 2013. In addition, at any time, the holder may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$.005 per share. The Company calculated the fair value of the beneficial conversion feature as the difference between the conversion price and the fair market value of the Company's common stock into on the date of issuance. The fair value of the conversion option in connection with the note on the date of issuance aggregated \$12,500, and was recorded as debt discount. The debt discount was amortized through the term of the note. During March 2014, \$4,000 was converted into 800,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$.005 per share. During July 2014, \$4,103 including accrued interest was converted into 820,606 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$.005 per share. During August 2014, \$3,059 including accrued interest was converted into 611,754 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$.005 per share. During September 2014, \$2,529 including accrued interest was converted into 505,754 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$.005 per share to fully satisfy the promissory note. The unpaid balance including accrued interest was \$12,839 at December 31, 2013.

On August 2, 2013, the Company issued a \$10,000 convertible note to an individual. The loan bears interest at 5% and has a maturity date of February 2, 2014. In addition, at any time, the holder may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$.005 per share. The Company calculated the fair value of the beneficial conversion feature as the difference between the conversion price and the fair market value of the Company's common stock into on the date of issuance. The fair value of the conversion option in connection with the note on the date of issuance aggregated \$10,000, and was recorded as debt discount. The debt discount was amortized through the term of the note. The unpaid balance including accrued interest was \$11,250 and \$10,208 at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. The Company is not compliant with the repayment terms of the note and currently in default.

On December 10, 2013, the Company issued a \$3,000 convertible note to an individual. The loan bears interest at 5% and has a maturity date of June 10, 2014. In addition, at any time, the holder may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$0.015 per share. The Company calculated the fair value of the beneficial conversion feature as the difference between the conversion price and the fair market value of the Company's common stock into on the date of issuance. The fair value of the conversion option in connection with the note on the date of issuance aggregated \$3,000, and was recorded as debt discount. The debt discount is amortized through the term of the note. The unpaid balance including accrued interest was \$3,122 and \$3,009 at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. The Company is not compliant with the repayment terms of the note and currently in default.

On December 10, 2013, the Company issued a \$5,000 convertible note to an individual. The loan bears interest at 5% and has a maturity date of June 10, 2014. In addition, at any time, the holder may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$0.015 per share. The Company calculated the fair value of the beneficial conversion feature as the difference between the conversion price and the fair market value of the Company's common stock into on the date of issuance. The fair value of the conversion option in connection with the note on the date of issuance aggregated \$5,000, and was recorded as debt discount. The debt discount is amortized through the term of the note. The unpaid balance including accrued interest was \$5,202 and \$5,014 at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. The Company is not compliant with the repayment terms of the note and currently in default.

On April 8, 2014, the Company issued a \$21,000 convertible note to an individual. The loan bears interest at 8% and has a maturity date of October 8, 2014. In addition, at any time, the holder may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$.0065 per share. The Company calculated the fair value of the beneficial conversion feature as the difference between the conversion price and the fair market value of the Company's common stock into on the date of issuance. The fair value of the conversion option in connection with the

note on the date of issuance aggregated \$21,000, and was recorded as debt discount. The debt discount is amortized through the term of the note. The unpaid balance including accrued interest was \$21,840 at September 30, 2014. The Company is not compliant with the repayment terms of the note and currently in default.

NOTE 4 - NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

On May 8, 2014, the Company issued a \$21,000 convertible note to an individual. The loan bears interest at 8% and has a maturity date of November 8, 2014. In addition, at any time, the holder may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$.0065 per share. The Company calculated the fair value of the beneficial conversion feature as the difference between the conversion price and the fair market value of the Company's common stock into on the date of issuance. The fair value of the conversion option in connection with the note on the date of issuance aggregated \$14,538, and was recorded as debt discount. The debt discount is amortized through the term of the note. The unpaid balance including accrued interest was \$21,700 at September 30, 2014.

On May 28, 2014, the Company issued a \$10,000 convertible note to an individual. The loan bears interest at 5% and has a maturity date of November 28, 2014. In addition, at any time, the holder may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$.0065 per share. The Company calculated the fair value of the beneficial conversion feature as the difference between the conversion price and the fair market value of the Company's common stock into on the date of issuance. The fair value of the conversion option in connection with the note on the date of issuance aggregated \$7,538, and was recorded as debt discount. The debt discount is amortized through the term of the note. The unpaid balance including accrued interest was \$10,167 at September 30, 2014.

On June 23, 2014, the Company issued a \$10,000 convertible note to an individual. The loan bears interest at 5% and has a maturity date of December 23, 2014. In addition, at any time, the holder may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$.0065 per share. The Company calculated the fair value of the beneficial conversion feature as the difference between the conversion price and the fair market value of the Company's common stock into on the date of issuance. The fair value of the conversion option in connection with the note on the date of issuance aggregated \$10,000, and was recorded as debt discount. The debt discount is amortized through the term of the note. The individual contributed \$5,000 in June 2014 and \$5,000 in July 2014. The unpaid balance was \$10,125 at September 30, 2014.

On July 11, 2014, the Company issued a \$10,000 convertible note to an individual. The loan bears interest at 5% and has a maturity date of January 11, 2015. In addition, at any time, the holder may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$.0065 per share. The Company calculated the fair value of the beneficial conversion feature as the difference between the conversion price and the fair market value of the Company's common stock into on the date of issuance. The fair value of the conversion option in connection with the note on the date of issuance aggregated \$10,000, and was recorded as debt discount. The debt discount is amortized through the term of the note. The unpaid balance was \$10,104 at September 30, 2014.

On August 4, 2014, the Company issued an \$8,000 convertible note to an individual. The loan bears interest at 5% and has a maturity date of February 4, 2015. In addition, at any time, the holder may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$.0065 per share. The Company calculated the fair value of the beneficial conversion feature as the difference between the conversion price and the fair market value of the Company's common stock into on the date of issuance. The fair value of the conversion option in connection with the note on the date of issuance aggregated \$8,000, and was recorded as debt discount. The debt discount is amortized through the term of the note. The unpaid balance was \$8,067 at September 30, 2014.

On August 4, 2014, the Company issued an \$8,000 convertible note to the Company's CEO. The loan bears interest at 5% and has a maturity date of February 4, 2015. In addition, at any time, the holder may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$.0065 per share. The Company calculated the fair value of the beneficial conversion feature as the difference between the conversion price and the fair market value of the Company's common stock into on the date of issuance. The fair value of the conversion option in connection with the note on the date of issuance aggregated \$8,000, and was recorded as debt discount. The debt discount is amortized through the term of the note. The unpaid balance was \$8,067 at September 30, 2014.

On September 3, 2014, the Company issued a \$6,000 convertible note to an individual. The loan bears interest at 5% and has a maturity date of March 3, 2015. In addition, at any time, the holder may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$.005 per share. The Company calculated the fair value of the beneficial conversion feature as the difference between the conversion price and the fair market value of the

Company's common stock into on the date of issuance. The fair value of the conversion option in connection with the note on the date of issuance aggregated \$6,000, and was recorded as debt discount. The debt discount is amortized through the term of the note. The unpaid balance was \$6,025 at September 30, 2014.

NOTE 4 - NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

On September 3, 2014, the Company issued a \$6,000 convertible note to the Company's CEO. The loan bears interest at 5% and has a maturity date of March 3, 2015. In addition, at any time, the holder may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$.005 per share. The Company calculated the fair value of the beneficial conversion feature as the difference between the conversion price and the fair market value of the Company's common stock into on the date of issuance. The fair value of the conversion option in connection with the note on the date of issuance aggregated \$6,000, and was recorded as debt discount. The debt discount is amortized through the term of the note. The unpaid balance was \$6,025 at September 30, 2014.

As of September 30, 2014, the total short-term loans - convertible amounted to \$145,783 which includes \$6,061 of accrued interest. The conversion price of the notes were fixed and determinable on the date of issuance and as such in accordance with ASC Topic 815 "*Derivatives and Hedging*" ("ASC 815"), the embedded conversion options of the note were not considered derivative liabilities. The beneficial conversion features of certain convertible notes are at a price below fair market value. The Company recorded interest expense on the debt discount of \$38,039 and interest income of \$108,666 for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and September 30, 2013, respectively, and the Company recorded interest expense on the debt discount of \$63,641 and interest income of \$8,838 for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and September 30, 2013, respectively, in the accompanying condensed statement of operations. In addition, the Company recorded an out-of-period adjustment at December 31, 2013 for the improperly valued beneficial conversion option of the Company's convertible notes payable (see Note 2 in the Notes to the Financial Statements).

NOTE 5 - MAJOR CUSTOMERS

The Company generated minimal sales during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013.

NOTE 6 - INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

On September 26, 2011, the Company acquired all the assets and intellectual property rights of Type2Defense, a natural dietary supplement formulated to support healthy glucose levels for type 2 diabetics and pre-diabetics. The acquisition from Type2Defense, a Texas based sole proprietorship was for the issuance of 2,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The shares are valued at \$200,000 or \$0.10 per share based on the closing price of the Company's common stock on September 26, 2011. The agreement also includes the issuance of 1,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock upon achieving certain operational milestones and an additional 1,000,000 shares of Company's common stock upon reaching 1,500 customers. On November 4, 2011, an advance of 60,000 shares of the Company's common stock related to the reaching of 1,500 customers' milestone in the original agreement was approved by the board of directors. The shares were valued at \$0.13 per share or \$6,600. The issuance of 10,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock upon reaching 1,500 customers was reduced by the advance to 940,000 shares. During June 2013, the Company achieved the operational milestones as specified in the September 26, 2011 Type2Defense acquisition agreement. On June 18, 2013, the Company issued 1,000,000 shares to the Company's former CEO for the Type2Defense product meeting the operational milestones. The shares were valued at \$0.15 per share or \$150,000 and included as stock based compensation in the accompanying statement of operation. In addition, on June 18, 2013, an advance of 500,000 shares of the Company's common stock related to reaching of 1,500 customers' milestone in the original agreement was approved by the board of directors and issued to the Company's former CEO. The shares were valued at \$0.15 per share or \$75,000 and included as stock based compensation in the accompanying statement of operation. As of September 30, 2014 the agreement provisions for reaching 1,500 customers for 440,000 shares of the Company's common stock has not been achieved.

All assets other than the intellectual property had a fair value of \$0, with intellectual property valued at \$200,000. Since the Company generated nominal revenues from our Type2Defense product in the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013, the Company elected to declare the \$200,000 intellectual property for Type2Defense, recorded as other intangible assets, as impaired at December 31, 2013.

BIO-SOLUTIONS CORP.
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NOTE 7 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Company adopted certain provisions of ASC Topic 820. ASC 820 defines fair value, provides a consistent framework for measuring fair value under generally accepted accounting principles and expands fair value financial statement disclosure requirements. ASC 820's valuation techniques are based on observable and unobservable inputs. Observable inputs reflect readily obtainable data from independent sources, while unobservable inputs reflect our market assumptions. ASC 820 classifies these inputs into the following hierarchy:

- Level 1 inputs: Quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets.
- Level 2 inputs: Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations whose inputs are observable or whose significant value drivers are observable.
- Level 3 inputs: Instruments with primarily unobservable value drivers.

NOTE 8 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On October 1, 2014, the Company issued a \$4,625 convertible note to an individual. The loan bears interest at 5% and has a maturity date of April 1, 2015. In addition, at any time, the holder may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$.005 per share.

On October 1, 2014, the Company issued a \$4,625 convertible note to the Company's CEO. The loan bears interest at 5% and has a maturity date of April 1, 2015. In addition, at any time, the holder may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$.005 per share.

On October 1, 2014, the Company entered into an Intellectual Property Purchase Agreement to purchase the "Glucose Health Natural Blood Sugar Maintenance" product from BTB Management LLC. BTB Management LLC was compensated with 15,000,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock valued at \$0.0076 per share or \$114,000. BTB is a Company owned by Murray Fleming, the Company's CEO.

On October 1, 2014, Murray Fleming was appointed as the Company's Chief Executive Officer for the 12 month period ending October 1, 2015. Mr. Fleming was compensated with 15,000,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock valued at \$0.0076 per share or \$114,000. On October 1, 2014, Mr. Fleming beneficially owned 30,000,000 shares or 50.1% of the outstanding shares of the Company's common stock which resulted in a change in control of the Company.

On October 8, 2014, the Company issued 210,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock which were valued at \$0.0077 per share or \$1,623 to fully satisfy a March 2014 agreement with a firm providing strategic business development activities for the Company. According to the March agreement, the firm was to be compensated with 360,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock payable in increments of 30,000 shares per month for twelve (12) months starting on April 1, 2014. As of October 21, 2014, the Company has issued an aggregate of 360,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock to the firm satisfying the agreement, which was valued at \$0.01 per share or \$3,732.

On October 15, 2014, the Company issued a \$3,600 convertible note to the Company's CEO. The loan bears interest at 5% and has a maturity date of April 15, 2015. In addition, at any time, the holder may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$.004 per share.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation

This following information specifies certain forward-looking statements of management of the company. Forward-looking statements are statements that estimate the happening of future events and are not based on historical fact. Forward-looking statements may be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology, such as "may", "shall", "could", "expect", "estimate", "anticipate", "predict", "probable", "possible", "should", "continue", or similar terms, variations of those terms or the negative of those terms. The forward-looking statements specified in the following information have been compiled by our management on the basis of assumptions made by management and considered by management to be reasonable. Our future operating results, however, are impossible to predict and no representation, guarantee, or warranty is to be inferred from those forward-looking statements.

The assumptions used for purposes of the forward-looking statements specified in the following information represent estimates of future events and are subject to uncertainty as to possible changes in economic, legislative, industry, and other circumstances. As a result, the identification and interpretation of data and other information and their use in developing and selecting assumptions from and among reasonable alternatives require the exercise of judgment. To the extent that the assumed events do not occur, the outcome may vary substantially from anticipated or projected results, and, accordingly, no opinion is expressed on the achievability of those forward-looking statements. We cannot guarantee that any of the assumptions relating to the forward-looking statements specified in the following information are accurate, and we assume no obligation to update any such forward-looking statements.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates.

Critical Accounting Policy and Estimates.

Our Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section discusses our financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. On an on-going basis, management evaluates its estimates and judgments, including those related to revenue recognition, accrued expenses, financing operations, and contingencies and litigation. Management bases its estimates and judgments on historical experience and on various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. The most significant accounting estimates inherent in the preparation of our financial statements include estimates as to the appropriate carrying value of certain assets and liabilities which are not readily apparent from other sources.

The following discussion of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013 together with notes thereto as previously filed with our Annual Report on Form 10-K on June 25, 2013. In addition, these accounting policies are described at relevant sections in this discussion and analysis and in the notes to the financial statements included in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2014.

Prior period correction in the three months ended December 31, 2013

Beginning in the three months ended June 30, 2012 and through the three months ended September 30, 2013, the Company improperly valued the potential beneficial conversion option of the Company's convertible notes payable. Based on ASC 470-20-30-16 through 30-18, the beneficial conversion option should have been valued based on the fair market value on the date of issuance and recorded as a debt discount. The debt discount should have been amortized over the term of the convertible note (longest term was 6 months). The accumulated impact of the correction was a charge to interest expense of \$141,267 and a charge to debt discount on notes payable of \$18,508 offset by a credit to additional paid in capital of \$159,775. In-addition, during the quarter ended June 30, 2013, the Company improperly recorded stock-based compensation issued to the Company's former chief executive officer upon achievement of operational milestones for the Type2Defense product (see Note 6) as intellectual property. Based on ASC 718-10 and ASC 505-50 this amount should have been classified as stock based compensation on the date earned. The accumulated impact of the correction on the financial statements was a charge to stock based

compensation of \$231,600 and a credit to intellectual property of \$231,600.

In accordance with the Securities and Exchange Commission's Staff Accounting Bulletin, or SAB, No. 99, Materiality, and SAB No. 108, the Company assessed the materiality of these charges to its financial statements for the quarters ended June 30, 2012 through September 30, 2013 and the year ended December 31, 2013, using both the roll-over method and iron-curtain method as defined in SAB No. 108. The Company concluded the effect of understating interest expense and share-based compensation was not material to its financial statements for the quarters ended June 30, 2012 through September 30, 2013 and the year ended December 31, 2013 and, as such, those financial statements are not materially misstated. The Company also concluded that providing for the correction of the understatement in 2013 would not have a material effect on its financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2013.

The out-of-period adjustment at December 31, 2013 for the improperly valued beneficial conversion option of the Company's convertible notes payable was a charge to interest expense of \$141,267 and charge to debt discount on notes payable of \$18,508 offset by a credit to additional paid in capital of \$159,775 in the accompanying balance sheet and statement of operations. The out-of-period adjustment at December 31, 2013 for improperly recording stock-based compensation issued to the Company's former Chief executive officer upon achievement of operational milestones as intellectual property was a charge to stock based compensation of \$231,600 and a credit to intellectual property of \$231,600 in the accompanying balance sheet and statement of operations. The impact of the misstatements on the previously issued financial statements and the effect of correcting the misstatements during the three months ended December 31, 2013 are summarized in Note 2 of the accompanying financial statements and notes.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments and other short-term investments with maturity of three months or less, when purchased, to be cash equivalents. There were no cash equivalents as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

The Company maintains cash balances at one financial institution that is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Recoverability of Long-Lived Assets

The Company reviews their long-lived assets on a periodic basis, namely intellectual property, whenever events and changes in circumstances have occurred which may indicate a possible impairment. The assessment for potential impairment will be based primarily on the Company's ability to recover the carrying value of its long-lived assets from expected future cash flows from its operations on an undiscounted basis. If such assets are determined to be impaired, the impairment recognized is the amount by which the carrying value of the assets exceeds the fair value of the assets. Fixed assets to be disposed of by sale will be carried at the lower of the then current carrying value or fair value less estimated costs to sell.

The Company evaluates the carrying value of goodwill during the fourth quarter of each year and between annual evaluations if events occur or circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of the reporting unit below its carrying amount. Such circumstances could include, but are not limited to (1) a significant adverse change in legal factors or in business climate, (2) unanticipated competition, or (3) an adverse action or assessment by a regulator. When evaluating whether goodwill is impaired, the Company compares the fair value of the reporting unit to which the goodwill is assigned to the reporting unit's carrying amount, including goodwill. The fair value of the reporting unit is estimated using a combination of the income, or discounted cash flows, approach and the market approach, which utilizes comparable companies' data. If the carrying amount of a reporting unit exceeds its fair value, then the amount of the impairment loss must be measured. The impairment loss would be calculated by comparing the implied fair value of reporting unit goodwill to its carrying amount. In calculating the implied fair value of reporting unit goodwill, the fair value of the reporting unit is allocated to all of the other assets and liabilities of that unit based on their fair values. The excess of the fair value of a reporting unit over the amount assigned to its other assets and liabilities is the implied fair value of goodwill.

We make critical assumptions and estimates in completing impairment assessments of goodwill and other intangible assets. Our cash flow projections look several years into the future and include assumptions on variables such as future sales and operating margin growth rates, economic conditions, market competition, inflation and discount rates. A 10% decrease in the estimated discounted cash flows for the reporting units tested would result in an impairment that

is not material to our results of operations. A 1.0 percentage point increase in the discount rate used would also result in an impairment that is not material to our results of operations.

We amortize the cost of other intangible assets over their estimated useful lives, which range up to ten years, unless such lives are deemed indefinite. Intangible assets with indefinite lives are tested in the third quarter of each fiscal year for impairment, or more often if indicators warrant.

During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013, the Company recorded an impairment charge related to other intangible assets in the amount of \$200,000.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying amount reported in the balance sheets for cash, accounts payable, accrued expenses, and short-term notes payable approximate fair value because of the immediate or short-term maturity of these financial instruments. The Company does not utilize derivative instruments.

Beneficial Conversion Features

ASC 470-20 applies to convertible securities with beneficial conversion features that must be settled in stock and to those that give the issuer a choice in settling the obligation in either stock or cash. ASC 470-20 requires that the beneficial conversion feature should be valued at the commitment date as the difference between the conversion price and the fair market value of the common stock into which the security is convertible, multiplied by the number of shares into which the security is convertible. This amount is recorded as a debt discount and amortized over the life of the debt. ASC 470-20 further limits this amount to the proceeds allocated to the convertible instrument.

Revenue Recognition

The Company currently has nominal revenue from operations. The Company uses the following criteria for revenue recognition:

- 1) Persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists;
- 2) delivery has occurred or services have been rendered;
- 3) the seller's price to the buyer is fixed or determinable, and
- 4) collectable is reasonably assured.

Share Based Compensation

The Company accounts for share-based compensation in accordance with the fair value recognition provisions of the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") No. 718 and No. 505. For employees, directors and non-employees, the fair value of the stock compensation is based upon the measurement date as determined at either (a) the date at which a performance commitment is reached, or (b) at the date at which the necessary performance to earn the equity instruments is complete. The Company has not issued any stock option or warrants.

Inventory

Inventory is stated at the lower of cost (FIFO: first-in, first-out) or market, and includes raw materials and finished goods. The cost of finished goods includes the cost of packaging supplies, direct and indirect labor and other indirect manufacturing costs. As of September 30, 2014, the Company had inventory of \$12,857 comprise solely of the Type2Defense product. On April 1, 2014, the Company wrote down the inventory value to \$15 per box. A charge of \$7,972 was recorded in the accompanying condensed statement of operations. With the acquisition of the "Glucose Health Natural Blood Sugar Maintenance" product from BTB Management LLC, the Company will discontinue manufacturing the Type2Defense product.

Background

Our Business

On March 27, 2007, Bio-Solutions Corp. (the "Company") was incorporated in the State of Nevada.

The Company was a manufacturer of a pre-mix for chicken integrators called Nutra-Animal, a pre-mix anti-oxidant containing wheat middlings, vitamin E, calcium carbonate, silicone dioxide, shrimp flour, sodium selenite and fish oil. The Company is also the distributor of GreenEx™ in Africa. GreenEx™ is a biological larvicide produced from a strain of *Bacillus thuringiensis* subspecies *israelensis* (Bti), a naturally occurring bacterium that produces a crystalline

protein toxin (cystal) toxic for mosquitoes, vectors of Malaria. GreenEx TM formulations are produced in the United States to strict manufacturing specifications, ensuring that the products are of high quality and without any harmful contaminants.

On June 30, 2010, the board of directors approved the increase of the authorized shares of common stock from 75,000,000 to 90,000,000. In addition the board approved a 1.20 to 1 stock split. All shares have been reflected retroactively in accordance with SAB Topic 14C.

On September 26, 2011, the Company acquired all the assets and intellectual property rights of Type2Defense, a natural dietary supplement formulated to support healthy glucose levels for type 2 diabetics and pre-diabetics.

During October 2011, the Company decided to abandon the former operations to focus solely on the Type2Defense product. All inventories from the former products were written off as of October 1, 2011.

During October 2012, the board of directors increased the number of common shares authorized from 90,000,000 to 200,000,000 shares.

The first production run of the Company's Type2Defense product was completed during June 2013. On July 8, 2013 the Company announced our product was available for on-line sales on Amazon.com. On July 9, 2013, the Company announced our product was available for on-line sales from our www.Type2Defense.com website. The first sale was completed in July 2013. Since the Company generated nominal revenues from our Type2Defense product in the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013, the Company elected to declare the \$200,000 intellectual property for Type2Defense, recorded as other intangible assets, as impaired at December 31, 2013.

On January 10, 2014, the Company's Board of Directors unanimously voted to reverse split the Company's common stock on the basis of one share of the Company's common stock for each 10 shares outstanding while maintaining the authorized capital structure of the Company at 200,000,000 shares. The Board resolution set the date of record for shareholder approval on January 14, 2014. As of January 29, 2014, the Company obtained the written consent in lieu of a meeting of the shareholders to authorize a reverse split of the Company's common stock. Shareholders owning a total of 100,992,469 shares of the Company's common stock voted in favor of the reverse split. There were a total of 199,611,900 shares of common stock issued and outstanding as of January 14, 2014 (the date of record). The number of shares of common stock voting in favor of the reverse split was sufficient for approval. On February 4, 2014, the Company filed a Certificate of Change with the State of Nevada effecting a 1-for-10 reverse split pursuant to which every ten shares of the Company's common stock were combined and converted into one share of the Company's common stock (with all fractional shares resulting there from being rounded up to the next whole share) with the total number of shares of the Company's authorized common stock remaining at 200,000,000 shares. The effective date of the above corporate action was February 26, 2014, as approved by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority.

On April 8, 2014, the Company appointed James Hodge as Chairman of the Company's board of directors.

On April 8, 2014, in a special meeting of the board of directors, the board voted in favor of amending the Company's Bylaws to decrease the number of members of the board of directors from three to one. Messrs. Gallagher and Metzger agreed to resign from the board and accept other duties for the Company.

On April 21, 2014, the Company promoted Thomas Metzger PhD, President to Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer. In addition, Peggy Knight, Executive Vice-President of Marketing was promoted to Chief Marketing Officer.

On July 22, 2014, Thomas Metzger PhD, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, President and Chief Operating Officer resigned from the Company to pursue other interests. In addition, James Hodge, Chairman of the Board of Directors was appointed interim Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer.

On October 1, 2014, the Company entered into an Intellectual Property Purchase Agreement to purchase the "Glucose Health Natural Blood Sugar Maintenance" product from BTB Management LLC. BTB Management LLC was compensated with 15,000,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock. BTB is a Company owned by Murray Fleming, the Company's CEO. Although we intend to market our new Glucose Health product on Amazon.com, our principal marketing focus will be channel sales through national and regional pharmacy retailers. In this regard, we retained an attorney specializing in compliance with Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulations necessary, in part, to achieve such channel sales, to assist us. In June of 2013, we manufactured 1,764 cases of our first product Type2Defense. As of the current period, our remaining inventory of Type2 Defense product on-hand is -0- and

remaining inventory placed with our channel sales partner is 858 cases. We do not intend to manufacture additional Type2Defense product

On October 1, 2014, Murray Fleming was appointed as the Company's Chief Executive Officer for the 12 month period ending October 1, 2015. Mr. Fleming was compensated with 15,000,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock. On October 1, 2014, Mr. Fleming beneficially owned 30,000,000 shares or 50.1% of the outstanding shares of the Company's common stock which resulted in a change in control of the Company.

Results of Operations

For the three months ended September 30, 2014 as compared to the three months ended September 30, 2013

Revenues

We generated nominal revenues of \$2,250 and \$224 for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. We hope to generate substantial revenues, continue operations and implement our business plan by February 29, 2015. The Company's focus for remainder of 2014 and 2015 will be the Glucose Health Natural Blood Sugar Maintenance dietary supplement.

Gross Profit (Loss)

We reported a gross profit of \$133 for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compare to a gross loss of \$12,851 for the three months ended September 30, 2013. Until the Company generates significant revenues, we will not have substantial profits.

Operating Expenses

For the three months ended September 30, 2014, we had total operating expenses of \$64,203, as compared to total operating expenses of \$220,208 for the three months ended September 30, 2013. The decrease of \$156,005 or 71%, in operating expenses between the two periods is primarily due to an approximate \$160,000 decrease in professional fees paid for by the issuance of common stock and an approximate \$3,000 decrease in other general and administrative expenses offset by an approximate \$7,000 increase for other professional fees. We expect we will continue to incur significant legal and accounting expenses related to being a public company.

Net Loss

For the three months ended September 30, 2014, after interest expense of \$40,307, we had a net loss of \$104,377 or \$0.00 per share. In comparison, for the three months ended September 30, 2013, after interest income of \$107,492 and a \$21,000 loss on conversion of debt, we had a net loss of \$146,567 or \$0.01 per share. We expect to continue to incur net losses for the foreseeable future and until we generate significant revenues.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2014 as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2013

Revenues

We generated nominal revenues of \$2,739 and \$224 for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. We hope to generate substantial revenues, continue operations and implement our business plan by February 29, 2015. The Company's focus for remainder of 2014 and 2015 will be the Glucose Health Natural Blood Sugar Maintenance dietary supplement.

Gross Loss

We reported a gross loss of \$9,662 and \$12,851 for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The 2014 gross loss includes a \$7,972 inventory write down to \$15 per box. Until the Company generates significant revenues, our revenue will not exceed the product and warehousing costs.

Operating Expenses

For the nine months ended September 30, 2014, we had total operating expenses of \$174,529, as compared to total operating expenses of \$698,281 for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The decrease of \$523,752 or 75%, in operating expenses between the two periods is primarily due to an approximate \$547,000 decrease in professional fees paid for by the issuance of common stock and an approximate \$8,000 decrease in other general and administrative expenses offset by an \$27,000 increase for other professional fees and \$4,000 related to the Type2Defense product. We expect we will continue to incur significant legal and accounting expenses related to being a public company.

Net Loss

For the nine months ended September 30, 2014, after interest expense of \$69,128, we had a net loss of \$253,319 or \$0.01 per share. In comparison, for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, after interest income of \$5,235 and a \$21,000 loss on conversion of debt, we had a net loss of \$726,897 or \$0.05 per share. We expect to continue to incur net losses for the foreseeable future and until we generate significant revenues.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of September 30, 2014 our current assets totaled \$14,203 consisting \$879 of cash, \$12,857 of inventory and \$467 of prepaid expenses for legal fees.

Our current liabilities were \$263,637 as of September 30, 2014, which was represented by accounts payable and accrued expenses of \$146,561, short term loans of \$7,728 and convertible notes payable of \$109,348, net of debt discount of \$36,435.

We had no other liabilities and no long term commitments or contingencies as of September 30, 2014.

We had a working capital deficit of \$249,434 at September 30, 2014. Unless we secure additional funding, of which there can be no assurance, we will not be able to satisfy our ongoing expenses.

On April 8, 2014, the Company issued a \$21,000 convertible note to an individual. The loan bears interest at 8% and has a maturity date of October 8, 2014. In addition, at any time, the holder may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$.0065 per share. The Company is not compliant with the repayment terms of the note and currently in default.

On May 8, 2014, the Company issued a \$21,000 convertible note to an individual. The loan bears interest at 8% and has a maturity date of November 8, 2014. In addition, at any time, the holder may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$.0065 per share.

On May 28, 2014, the Company issued a \$10,000 convertible note to an individual. The loan bears interest at 5% and has a maturity date of November 28, 2014. In addition, at any time, the holder may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$.0065 per share.

On June 23, 2014, the Company issued a \$10,000 convertible note to an individual. The loan bears interest at 5% and has a maturity date of December 23, 2014. In addition, at any time, the holder may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$.0065 per share.

On July 11, 2014, the Company issued a \$10,000 convertible note to an individual. The loan bears interest at 5% and has a maturity date of January 11, 2015. In addition, at any time, the holder may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$.0065 per share.

On August 4, 2014, the Company issued an \$8,000 convertible note to an individual. The loan bears interest at 5% and has a maturity date of February 4, 2015. In addition, at any time, the holder may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$.0065 per share.

On August 4, 2014, the Company issued an \$8,000 convertible note to the Company's CEO. The loan bears interest at 5% and has a maturity date of February 4, 2015. In addition, at any time, the holder may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$.0065 per share.

On September 3, 2014, the Company issued a \$6,000 convertible note to an individual. The loan bears interest at 5% and has a maturity date of March 3, 2015. In addition, at any time, the holder may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$.005 per share.

On September 3, 2014, the Company issued a \$6,000 convertible note to the Company's CEO. The loan bears interest at 5% and has a maturity date of March 3, 2015. In addition, at any time, the holder may convert the note into shares

of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$.005 per share.

On October 1, 2014, the Company issued a \$4,625 convertible note to an individual. The loan bears interest at 5% and has a maturity date of April 1, 2015. In addition, at any time, the holder may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$.005 per share.

On October 1, 2014, the Company issued a \$4,625 convertible note to the Company's CEO. The loan bears interest at 5% and has a maturity date of April 1, 2015. In addition, at any time, the holder may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$.005 per share.

On October 15, 2014, the Company issued a \$3,600 convertible note to the Company's CEO. The loan bears interest at 5% and has a maturity date of April 15, 2015. In addition, at any time, the holder may convert the note into shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$.004 per share.

Our Plan of Operation for the Next Twelve Months.

On October 1, 2014, the Company entered into an Intellectual Property Purchase Agreement to purchase the "Glucose Health Natural Blood Sugar Maintenance" product from BTB Management LLC. Although we intend to market our new Glucose Health product on Amazon.com, our principal marketing focus will be channel sales through national and regional pharmacy retailers. In this regard, we retained an attorney specializing in compliance with Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulations necessary, in part, to achieve such channel sales, to assist us. In June of 2013, we manufactured 1,764 cases of our first product Type2Defense. As of the current period, our remaining inventory of Type2 Defense product on-hand is -0- and remaining inventory placed with our channel sales partner is 858 cases. We do not intend to manufacture additional Type2Defense product. The first production run of our Glucose Health Natural Blood Sugar Maintenance products is expected during the quarter ended March 31, 2015. Peggy Freeman Knight, our executive vice-president of marketing and chief marketing officer will be responsible for our marketing efforts in 2014 and 2015. Ms. Knight has over 20 years of marketing experience with Walmart Stores Inc. and Sam's Club.

At September 30, 2014 we had nominal cash and revenues, which will not be sufficient to satisfy our working capital requirements for the next twelve months. We cannot forecast with any degree of certainty anticipated revenues or cash flow. Our forecasts and operations will involve risks and uncertainties which we are unable to predict and actual results could fail. We will require additional capital to continue operations. If we cannot secure additional capital or generate significant revenues we may cease operations in which case you will lose your investment.

We intend to pursue capital through public or private financing as well as borrowings and from other sources, such as our officer, directors and principal shareholders. We cannot guarantee that additional funding will be available on favorable terms, if at all. If adequate funds are not available, then our ability to continue or expand our operations may be significantly hindered. If adequate funds are not available, our officer, directors and principal shareholders may contribute capital to the Company in the form of debt financing or equity contributions. However, our officer, directors and principal shareholders are not committed to contribute funds to pay for our expenses.

Even assuming that we secure adequate financing, there can be no assurance that we will be profitable at any time in the future.

The legal and accounting costs of being a public company will continue to impact our liquidity and we will need to obtain funds to pay those expenses. Other than the anticipated increases in legal and accounting costs due to the reporting requirements of being a reporting company, we are not aware of any other known trends, events or uncertainties, which may affect our future liquidity.

Our auditors have questioned our ability to continue operations as a "going concern". We hope to obtain significant revenues from future product sales. In the absence of significant sales and profits, we will seek to raise additional funds to meet our working capital needs principally through the additional sales of our securities. However, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to obtain sufficient additional funds when needed, or that such funds, if available, will be obtainable on terms satisfactory to us. As a result, our auditors believe that substantial doubt exists about our ability to continue operations.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have no off-balance sheet arrangements.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About Market Risk

Not applicable

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Our management team, under the supervision and with the participation of our principal executive officer/principal financial officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as such term is defined under Rule 13a-15(e) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (Exchange Act), as of the last day of the fiscal period covered by this report, September 30, 2014. Based upon this review, these officers concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, our disclosure controls and procedures are not effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by our company in the reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act is (1) recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and (2) accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer/Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

The controls designed were adequate for financial disclosures required for the preparation of the 10-Q filing; however due to lack of resources in the company's accounting department the controls were not operating effectively. The remediation plan for improving the effectiveness over financial disclosure controls, which caused the material weakness over financial disclosures required in the 10-Q, include the creation of a financial disclosures roll-forward model in accordance with the disclosures contained in the 10-Q report. This model will be maintained and updated by Company staff and management as new business transactions require additional financial disclosures. As the Company obtains additional resources these financial disclosures will be reviewed by an outside financial disclosure expert for completeness and accuracy earlier in the financial statement closing process cycle in order to help ensure completeness and accuracy for reporting financial disclosures.

It should be noted that any system of controls, however well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable and not absolute assurance that the objectives of the system are met. In addition, the design of any control system is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of certain events. Because of these and other inherent limitations of control systems, there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions, regardless of how remote.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) or 15d-15(f) of the Exchange Act) during our most recently completed quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

None

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

During the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and through the current date we issued a total of 10,299,494 shares during the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and a further 30,210,000 shares to the current date of our common stock.¹⁰

- a) During December 2013, a consultant was granted 800,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock for a clinical research study on our Type2Defense product. These shares were valued at \$0.018 per share or \$14,400. The shares were issued in January 2014.
- b) During January 2014, our former chief executive officer canceled 600,000 of his personal unregistered shares of the Company's common stock to satisfy a promissory note conversion request. These shares were valued at \$0.035 per share or \$21,000.
- c) During January 2014, a promissory note was converted into unregistered shares of the Company's common stock. The amount totaled \$12,849 including interest was converted into 856,632 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.015 per share.
- d) During March 2014, a promissory note was partially converted into unregistered shares of the Company's common stock. The amount totaled \$4,000 was converted into 800,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.005 per share.
- e) During March 2014, a promissory note was converted into unregistered shares of the Company's common stock. The amount totaled \$13,151 including interest was converted into 658,594 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.020 per share.
- f) During March 2014, the Company signed an agreement with a firm to provide strategic business development activities for the Company. The firm will be compensated with 360,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock payable in increments of 30,000 shares per month for twelve (12) months starting on April 1, 2014. As of October 21, 2014 the Company issued 360,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock which were valued at \$0.01 per share or \$3,732 to fully satisfy the March 2014 agreement.
- g) During April 2014, our former chief executive officer was re-issued 600,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock which were canceled in January 2014 to satisfy a promissory note conversion request. These shares were valued at \$0.035 per share or \$21,000.
- h) During April 2014, Thomas Metzger, our chief executive officer/chief financial officer was issued 250,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock for compensation. These shares were valued at \$0.0151 per share or \$3,375.
- i) During April 2014, James Hodge, our chairman of the board of directors, was issued 250,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock for joining the Company's board. These shares were valued at \$0.0151 per share or \$3,375.
- j) During April 2014, Peggy Knight our chief marketing officer was issued 750,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock for marketing compensation. These shares were valued at \$0.0151 per share or \$11,325.
- k) During June 2014, the Company signed a one year consulting agreement with an individual to provide product marketing and performs duties as the Company's spokesperson. The consultant earned 250,000 restricted shares of the Company's common stock. The shares were valued at \$0.013 per share or \$3,250. These shares were issued in July 2014.
- l) During July 2014, a promissory note was partially converted into unregistered shares of the Company's common stock. The amount totaled \$4,103 including accrued interest was converted into 820,606 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.005 per share.
- m) During July 2014, James Hodge, the Company's chairman of the board of directors, was issued 346,154 shares of the Company's restricted common stock for service to the Company. These shares were valued at \$0.013 per share or \$4,500.
- n) During July 2014, the Company signed a consulting agreement with an individual to provide website services for the Company. The consultant was compensated with 3,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The

- shares were valued at \$69,000 or \$0.023 per share.
- o) During July 2014, Thomas Metzger PhD, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, President and Chief Operating Officer resigned from the Company to pursue other interests. Per board consent signed July 22, 2014, the 250,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock due to Mr. Metzger on September 4, 2014 in accordance with his consulting agreement signed in April 2014 were issued to Mr. Metzger. The shares were valued at \$4,925 or \$0.0197 per share.
 - p) During August 2014, a promissory note was partially converted into unregistered shares of the Company's common stock. The amount totaled \$3,059 including accrued interest was converted into 611,754 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.005 per share.
 - q) During September 2014, a promissory note was partially converted into unregistered shares of the Company's common stock. The amount totaled \$2,529 including accrued interest was converted into 505,754 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.005 per share.
 - r) On October 1, 2014, the Company entered into an Intellectual Property Purchase Agreement to purchase the "Glucose Health Natural Blood Sugar Maintenance" product from BTB Management LLC. BTB Management LLC was compensated with 15,000,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock valued at \$0.0076 per share or \$114,000.
 - s) On October 1, 2014, Murray Fleming was appointed as the Company's Chief Executive Officer for the 12 month period ending October 1, 2015. Mr. Fleming was compensated with 15,000,000 unregistered shares of the Company's common stock valued at \$0.0076 per share or \$114,000.

With respect to the sales of all securities

- the aggregate shares of common stock were issued to eight United States residents and a Canadian resident in reliance on Section 4(2) and Rule 506 promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. The shares of common stock have not been registered under the Securities Act or under any state securities laws and may not be offered or sold without registration with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission or an applicable exemption from the registration requirements. The investors acknowledged that the securities to be issued have not been registered under the Securities Act, that they understood the economic risk of an investment in the securities, and that they had the opportunity to ask questions of and receive answers from our management concerning any and all matters related to acquisition of the securities;
- the sale was made to a sophisticated or accredited investor, as defined in Rule 502;
- we gave the purchaser the opportunity to ask questions and receive answers concerning the terms and conditions of the offering and to obtain any additional information which we possessed or could acquire without unreasonable effort or expense that is necessary to verify the accuracy of information furnished;
- at a reasonable time prior to the sale of securities, we advised the purchaser of the limitations on resale in the manner contained in Rule 502(d)2; and
- neither we nor any person acting on our behalf sold the securities by any form of general solicitation or general advertising.

Use of Proceeds of Registered Securities.

There were no proceeds from the sales the Company's unregistered common stock during the nine months ended September 30, 2014.

Penny Stock Regulation.

Shares of our common stock are and will probably be subject to rules adopted the Securities and Exchange Commission that regulate broker-dealer practices in connection with transactions in "penny stocks". Penny stocks are generally equity securities with a price of less than \$5.00 (other than securities registered on certain national securities exchanges or quoted on the NASDAQ system, provided that current price and volume information with respect to transactions in those securities is provided by the exchange or system). The penny stock rules require a broker-dealer, prior to a transaction in a penny stock not otherwise exempt from those rules; deliver a standardized risk disclosure document prepared by the Securities and Exchange Commission, which contains the following:

- a description of the nature and level of risk in the market for penny stocks in both public offerings and secondary trading;
- a description of the broker's or dealer's duties to the customer and of the rights and remedies available to the customer with respect to violation to such duties or other requirements of securities' laws
- a brief, clear, narrative description of a dealer market, including "bid" and "ask" prices for penny stocks and the significance of the spread between the "bid" and "ask" price;
- a toll-free telephone number for inquiries on disciplinary actions;
- definitions of significant terms in the disclosure document or in the conduct of trading in penny stocks; and
- such other information and is in such form (including language, type, size and format), as the Securities and Exchange Commission shall require by rule or regulation.

Prior to effecting any transaction in penny stock, the broker-dealer also must provide the customer the following:

- the bid and offer quotations for the penny stock;
- the compensation of the broker-dealer and its salesperson in the transaction;
- the number of shares to which such bid and ask prices apply, or other comparable information relating to the depth and liquidity of the market for such stock; and
- monthly account statements showing the market value of each penny stock held in the customer's account.

In addition, the penny stock rules require that prior to a transaction in a penny stock not otherwise exempt from those rules, the broker-dealer must make a special written determination that the penny stock is a suitable investment for the purchaser and receive the purchaser's written acknowledgment of the receipt of a risk disclosure statement, a written agreement to transactions involving penny stocks, and a signed and dated copy of a written suitability statement. These disclosure requirements may have the effect of reducing the trading activity in the secondary market for a stock that becomes subject to the penny stock rules. Holders of shares of our common stock may have difficulty selling those shares because our common stock will probably be subject to the penny stock rules.

Purchases of Equity Securities.

None during the period covered by this report.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosure

None

Item 5. Other information

None

Item 6. Exhibits

31.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer, Required By Rule 13a-14(A) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, As Amended, As Adopted Pursuant To Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification of Principal Financial Officer, Required By Rule 13a-14(A) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, As Amended, As Adopted Pursuant To Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2	Certification of Principal Financial Office, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS **	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH **	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL **	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF **	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB **	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE **	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

** XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language) information is furnished and not filed or a part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, is deemed not filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and otherwise is not subject to liability under these sections.

SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

BIO-SOLUTIONS CORP.

a Nevada corporation

Date: October 21, 2014

By: /s/ Murray Fleming

Murray Fleming

Its: Chief Executive Officer

Date: October 21, 2014

By: /s/ James Hodge

James Hodge

Its: Interim Chief Financial Officer and
Chairman of the Board of Directors